

Finland

Finland is a Member State of the Council of Europe (COE) and of the United Nations (UN), and has human rights obligations at the regional and universal levels.

Regional: European System



As a Member of the COE, Finland has <u>ratified</u> numerous regional treaties, including the European Convention on Human Rights, and is subject to the jurisdiction of the <u>European Court</u> <u>of Human Rights</u>. Finland has ratified the Revised European Social Charter, and has authorized the <u>European Committee of</u> <u>Social Rights</u> to decide collective complaints against it. Its

human rights situation is also monitored by the <u>COE Commissioner for Human Rights</u>.

Individuals and groups have submitted human rights complaints against Finland to the European Court of Human Rights. For example, the Court found a violation of the right to freedom of expression in the case of a woman convicted of defamation for informing a social worker that she feared her daughter had been sexually abused. *See* ECtHR, *M.P. v. Finland*, no. 36487/12, ECHR 2016, Judgment of 15 December 2016. Additionally, the Court may grant <u>interim measures</u> to protect people in urgent situations of risk in Finland.

As a State party to the Revised European Social Charter, Finland must submit yearly reports to the European Committee of Social Rights on its implementation of the Charter's provisions. The Committee has also decided collective complaints against Finland. For example, it found that work involving exposure to radiation is dangerous and unhealthy, and that failure to provide additional paid holidays or reduced working hours for these workers violates the right to just conditions of work. *See* ECSR, *Tehy ry and STTK v. Finland*, Complaint No. 10/2000, Merits, 17 October 2001.

Finland has ratified the following **regional human rights treaties**:

- COE Convention on Action against Trafficking in Human Beings
- COE Convention on Preventing and Combating Violence against Women and Domestic Violence
- European Convention for the Prevention of Torture and Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment
- European Convention on Human Rights
- Revised European Social Charter
- Framework Convention for the Protection of National Minorities
- Protocol No. 6 to the European Convention on Human Rights concerning the Abolition of the Death Penalty
- Protocol No. 13 to the European Convention on Human Rights concerning the Abolition of the Death Penalty in All Circumstances



United Nations System

As a UN Member State, Finland is subject to the oversight of various <u>UN human rights bodies</u>, including the <u>Human Rights Council</u> and its <u>Universal Periodic Review</u> and thematic <u>special procedures</u>. As a party to specific universal human rights treaties, Finland's policies and practices are monitored by UN <u>treaty</u> <u>bodies</u>. It has accepted the complaints procedure of seven treaty bodies.

Finland has ratified the following UN human rights treaties:

- International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (ICCPR)
- International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (ICESCR)
- Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment (CAT)
- Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women (CEDAW)
- Convention on the Rights of the Child (CRC)
- International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination (ICERD)
- Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities (CRPD)

Finland has submitted reservations that modify its obligations under the <u>ICCPR</u>.

Finland has also ratified the Second Optional Protocol to the ICCPR aimed at abolishing the death penalty, and optional protocols to the CRC addressing children in armed conflict and the sale of children, child prostitution, and child pornography. Finland has a duty to submit **State reports** to each UN treaty body associated with the treaties Finland has ratified. These reports must be submitted on a periodic basis, and describe the steps Finland has taken to implement the treaty provisions.

Finland has also ratified the relevant optional protocols or made appropriate declarations allowing individuals to submit **complaints** against it alleging violations of the ICCPR, ICESCR, CRC, CEDAW, CAT, CERD, and CRPD. Additionally, certain UN treaties contain **inquiry procedures**, which allow the UN treaty body to consider allegations of grave or systematic human rights violations. Finland has accepted the inquiry procedures of the CAT, ICESCR, CRC, CEDAW, and CRPD.

In March 2001, Finland extended a **standing invitation** to UN special procedures, which means that any special procedure mandate holders are welcome to conduct visits in Finland. For instance, the Special Rapporteur on the rights of indigenous peoples visited Finland in April 2010, and published a <u>report</u> on that visit in June 2011.

For more information on Finland's engagement with <u>UN human rights bodies</u>, visit <u>https://www.ohchr.org/EN/countries/ENACARegion/Pages/FIIndex.aspx</u>.

Last updated: February 14, 2019

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